#### **2013 TCTAP**

Wrap-Up Interview

#### **Structural Heart Disease**

Moderator Ziyad M. Hijazi

Interviewees Saibal Kar, Bernhard Meier, Horst Sievert





#### **Issues Briefs**

#### **PFO Closure for Stroke Prevention**

Big debates in PFO Closure: To close or Not to close?

- Clinical studies: CLOSURE I, PC, RESPECT
- Discussion: Interpretation, Future perspective

#### LAA Closure and Atrial Fibrillation

Will LAA Closure transform management of AF?

- Clinical studies: PROTECT AF, CAP, ASAP, PREVAIL
- Discussion: Interpretation, Future perspective



## Cryptogenic Stroke - PFO Trials

	CLOSURE 1	RESPECT	PC	REDUCE
Subjects	960	980 (event driven endpoint)	414	≈ 664
Randomization	1:1	1:1	1:1	2:1
Entry	Clinical Stroke or TIA	Stroke on MRI	Clinical and Radiologic Stroke/TIA	Stroke or TIA on MRI
Screening event	6 months	9 months	5 years	6 months
Medical Rx	Device Arm: 6mos clopidogrel & 24mos aspirin Control Arm: 24mos aspirin/warfarin or both	Warfarin or aspirin ± dipyridamole	Warfarin or aspirin ± dipyridamole	Both Arms: aspirin or aspirin + dipyrid or clopidogrel
Device	StarFlex NM	Amplatzer	Amplatzer	Helex
Endpoint	Stroke or TIA	Stroke or Death	Stroke/TIA or Death	Stroke/TIA on MR or death





## CLOSURE 1 Trial using StarFlex device 909 patients

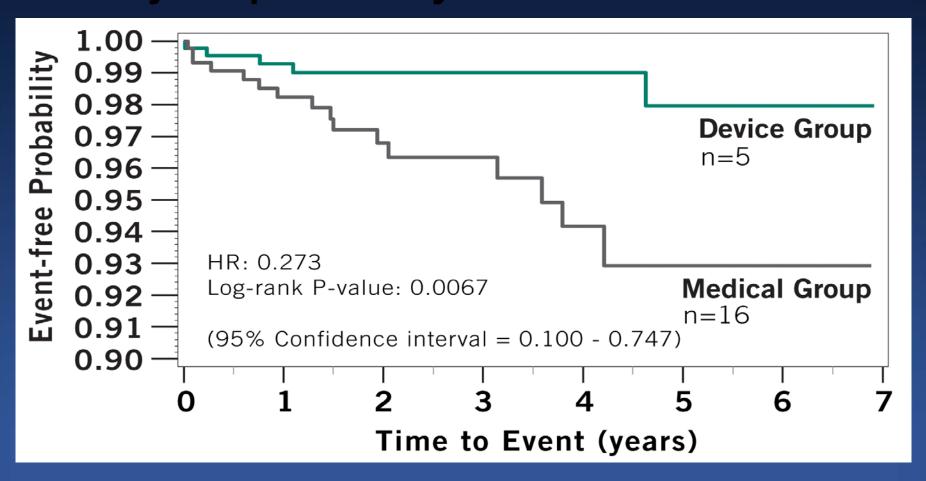
- 1. PFO closure with StarFlex was "equivalent to medical Rx"
- 2. Did not reach 1° endpoint of device superior to med Rx (a. warfarin b. warfarin + aspirin or c. aspirin alone)
- 3. "Effective Closure Rate" only 87%

End Point after 2 years	Device (%)	Medical Therapy (%)	р
Composite end point	5.9	7.7	0.30
Stroke	3.1	3.4	0.77
TIA	3.3	4.6	0.39
Major vascular complications	3.2	0.0	<0.001
Atrial fibrillation	5.7	0.7	<0.001



#### RESPECT

#### **Primary Endpoint Analysis – As Treated Cohort**



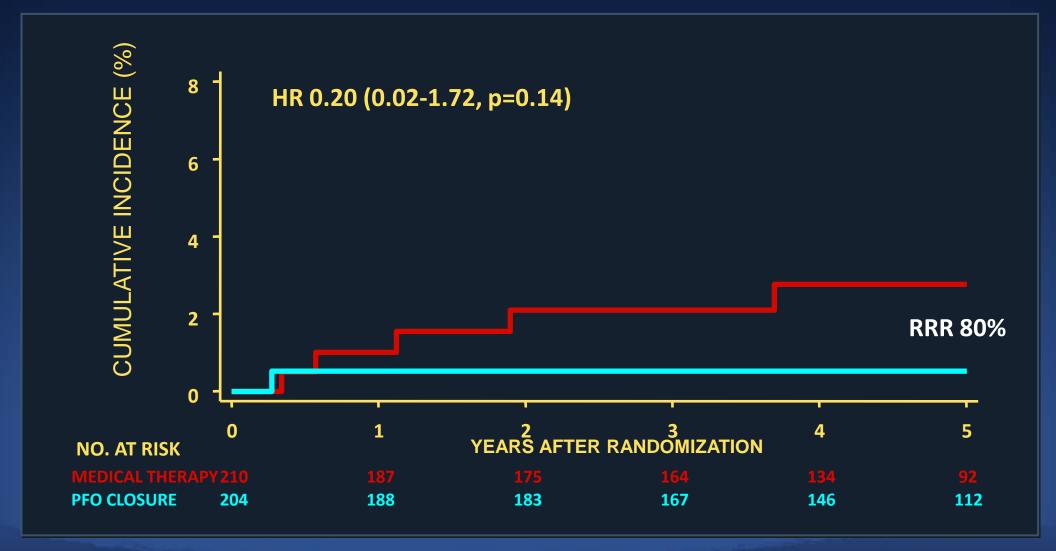
72.7% risk reduction of stroke in favor of device







## PC trial: STROKE







## Discussion

- Debating Issues
  - Follow up duration: Too short or enough
  - Devices: Amplatzer or an alternative
  - Other indication for PFO closure besides stroke?





## **Novel Oral Anticoagulants**

	Dabigatran	Rivaroxaban	Apixaban
Mechanism	direct thrombin inhibitor (both free and clot-bound)	direct factor Xa inhibitor	direct factor Xa inhibitor
Half life	14-17hrs	4-9hrs (up to 12hrs in patients >75yo)	10-14hrs
Metabolism	activated by liver up to 80% excreted by kidney	66% excreted by kidney	Partially by CYP3A4 25% excreted by kidney
Study	RELY	ROCKET-AF	ARISTOTLE
Stroke or Systemic Embol: Non-Inferiority	110mg: 1.53%/yr, 0.91(HR), P<0.001 150mg: 1.11%/yr, 0.66(HR), P<0.001 Warfarin: 1.69%	20mg: 1.7%/yr, 0.79(HR), P<0.001 Warfarin: 2.2%/yr	5mg: 1.27%/yr, 0.79(HR), P<0.001 Warfarin: 1.6%/yr



## Efficacy vs Warfarin: All Stroke

Treatment	Number	Follow Up	RR	95% CI
Dabigatran-110	12,000*	2.0 yrs	0.91	0.74 -1.11
Dabigatran-150	12,000*	2.0 yrs	0.66	0.53 - 0.82
Rivaroxaban	14,264	1-2 yrs	0.88	0.74 – 1.03
Apixaban	18,201	1.8 yrs	0.79	0.66 – 0.95
Watchman	707	2.3 yrs	0.58	0.35 – 1.09



## **WATCHMAN: Clinical Studies**

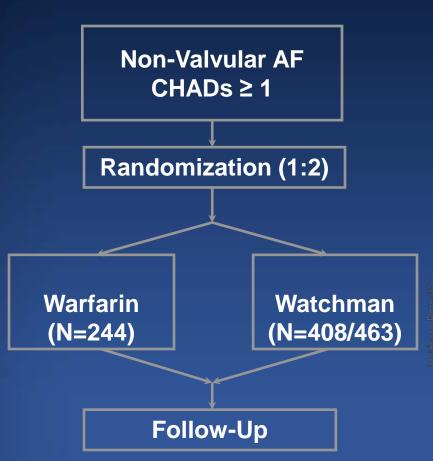
STUDY	PATIENTS	SITES	COMMENTS
PROTECT AF	800	59	<ul><li>1,500 patient years of follow-up</li><li>27 months average follow-up per patient</li></ul>
Continued Access Registry (CAP)	566	26	Significantly improved safety results
ASAP	150	4	Treat patients contra-indicated for warfarin
PREVAIL	400	≤50	<ul> <li>Same endpoints as PROTECT AF</li> <li>Revised inclusion/exclusion criteria</li> <li>Initiate enrollment October 2010</li> </ul>

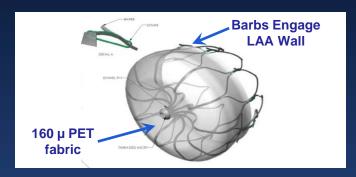


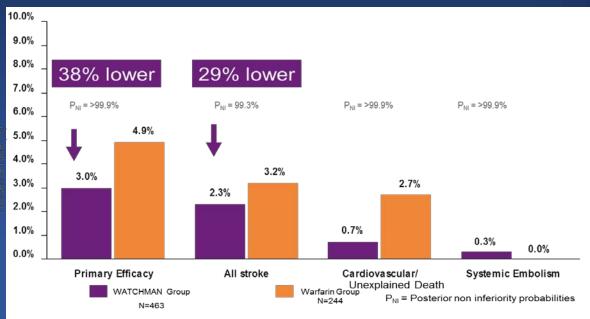


#### **PROTECT AF Trial**

#### **LAA Closure with Watchman**







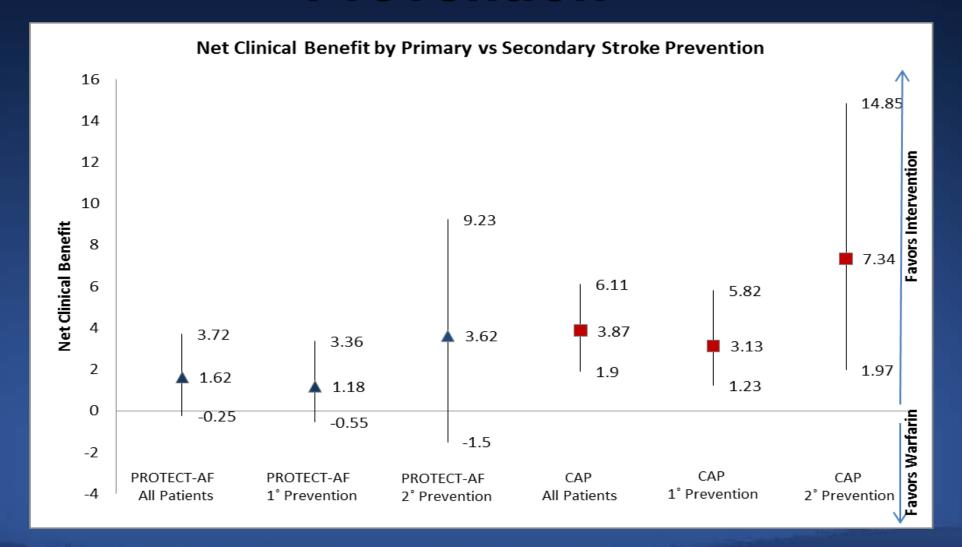
DR.Holmes, VR.Reddy, ZG.Turi, et al. Lancet 2009; 374:534.







# Net Clinical Benefit for Stroke Prevention





### Discussion

- Transcatheter LAA Closure
  - Beyond Oral Anticoagulants?
  - What populations to be considered?
  - Device selection:
     Watchman vs. Cardiac Plug



